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Bakersfield, CA

NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY



WESTCARB 2012 Business Meeting

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United States Department of Energy, National Energy Technology Laboratory,



Overview

- DOE Carbon Storage Program
 - CCUS
 - Program Goals
- Core R&D
- Infrastructure
 - Regional Partnerships
- Best Practices Manuals (BPM) as products
- Other knowledge sharing products
- Summary





Core Program Components Office of Coal and Power R&D Total FY 2012 Funding ~ \$333 Million

- Carbon Capture \$68.9 Million
- Carbon Storage \$115.4 Million
- Advanced Energy Systems \$99.9 Million
 - Advanced Combustion Systems \$15.9 Million
 - Gasification \$39 Million
 - Turbines \$15 Million
 - Fuel Cells \$25 Million
 - Fuels \$5 Million
- Cross Cutting Research \$49.1 Million





The Carbon Storage Program

U.S. DOE's R&D Program to Develop Infrastructure for Carbon Storage

Carbon Storage Program

- Implemented by DOE's Office of Fossil Energy and managed by NETL
- Focused on CO₂ capture, separation and storage to reduce GHG emissions without adversely affecting energy use or hindering economic growth
- NETL needs a technology portfolio of safe, cost-effective, GHG capture, transport and storage technologies that will be available for commercial deployment

Three Key Technology Development Elements 1. Core Research and Development CO, is captured compressed and piped to the storage site 2. Infrastructure 3. Global Collaborations Pipes **Oil/Gas injection Rig** CO₂ injection Rig **Gas Field** is then injected unde storage site Caprock aline Aquife EOR Pore spaces in the ro

CO₂ Utilization Putting the "U" in CC<u>U</u>S

- Lack of Climate legislation
- Low Natural Gas Prices
- Regulations Impacting New Coal Fired Power Plants
- High Oil Prices
- Demands a near term business case for deployment



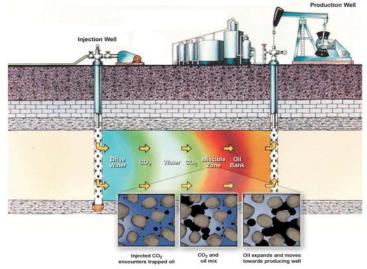
Drivers for Storage in EOR/EGR Opportunities

Economic Benefits

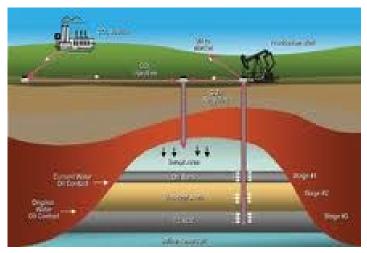
- Produce an additional 60 billion bbl of oil
- Balance trade deficit by over \$3.5 trillion
- Create more than 600,000 new jobs

Technical Benefits

- Store over 20GT of CO₂
- Develop infrastructure to support transition to future saline storage
- Validate storage and monitoring technologies
- Facilitate knowledge sharing between the oil and storage industry to improve performance
- Potentially increase reserves of storage capacity and natural gas in coal and shale formations



Business as usual EOR Operations (WAG)



Next Generation Storage/EOR Operations

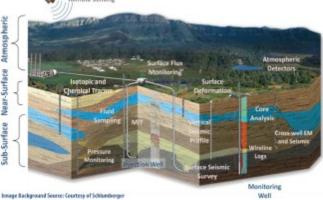
CCUS Goals Keeping R&D on Track

Deliver technologies & best practices that validate:

- < 10% increase in COE with CCS at 90% capture (pre-comb.)</p>
- < 35% increase in COE with CCS at 90% capture (post- & oxy-comb.)</p>

NATIO

- > 90% CO₂ capture
- 99% storage permanence**
- Validate that capacity is sufficient and where we need it
- Validate Formation Classes & maximum storage efficiency
- Promote infrastructure for wide scale deployment
- Enhance domestic oil & gas production



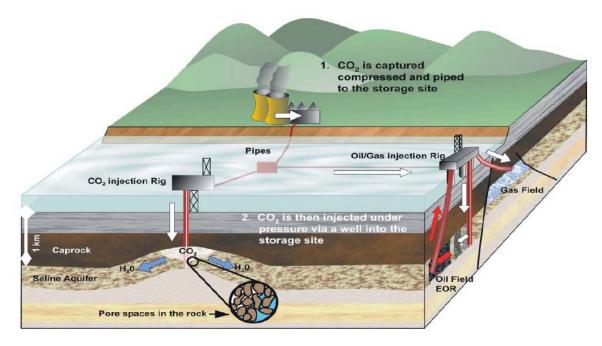
The Carbon Storage Program

U.S. DOE's R&D Program to Develop Infrastructure for Carbon Storage

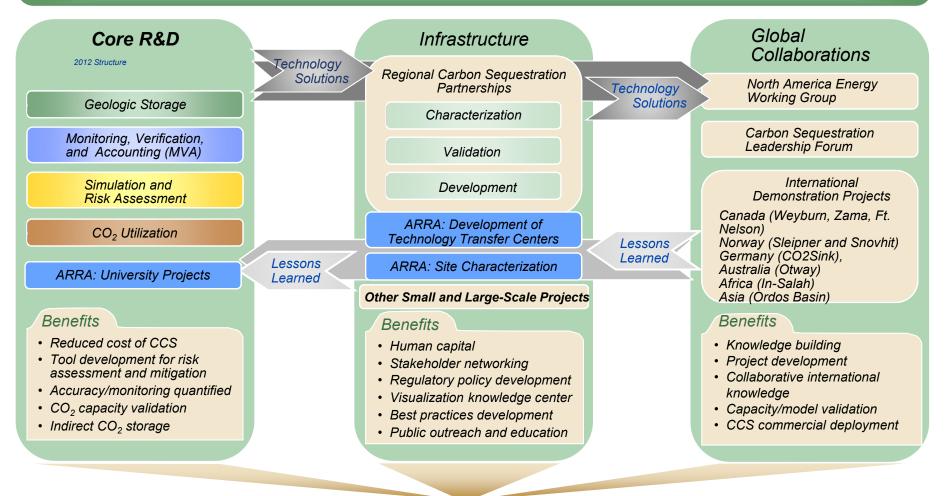
Three Key Technology Development Elements

- 1. Core Research and Development (Basic R&D)
- 2. Infrastructure (Field Testing)
- 3. Global Collaborations

Together, these elements address technological and economic challenges

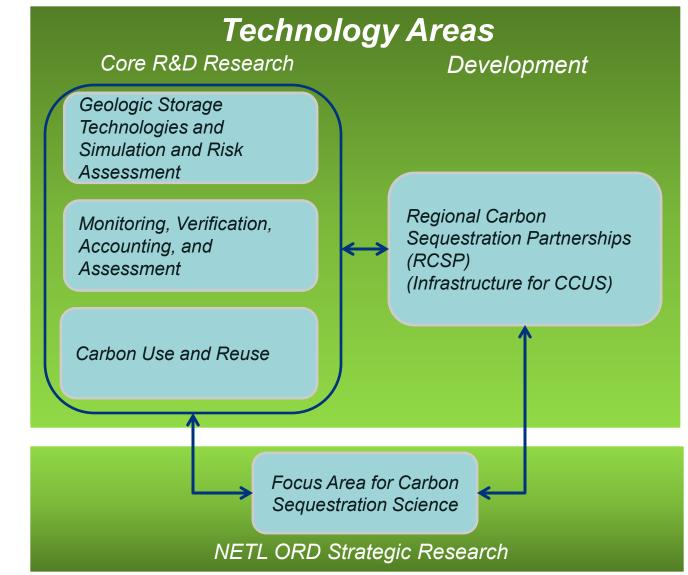


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY • OFFICE OF FOSSIL ENERGY NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY CARBON STORAGE PROGRAM with ARRA Projects



Demonstration and Commercialization Carbon Capture and Storage (CCS)

2012 Carbon Storage Program



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Carbon Storage CCUS Program Plan

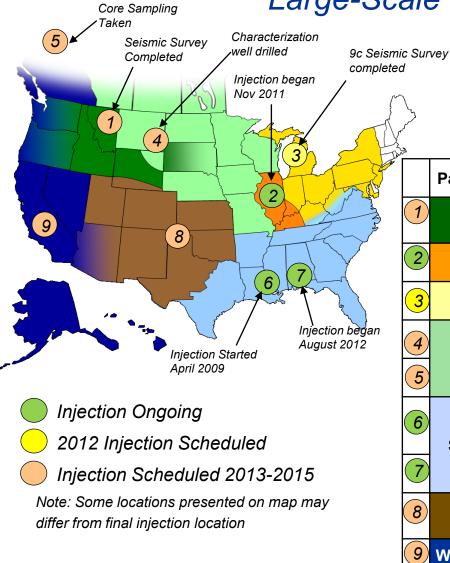
- Available in Fall 2012
- Prioritization of R&D Goals
- 2nd Generation Technologies

 Near and mid-term (2020)
- Transformational Technologies
 - Long-term (2030)



Small-Scale (Field Te		RCSP	Formation Type	Geologic Province
		Big Sky	Saline 1	Columbia Basin
	Saline formations (3,000 to 60,000 tons) Depleted oil fields (50 to 500,000 tons) Coal Seams (200 – 18,000 tons)	MGSC	Oil-bearing 2 3 4 Saline 5 Coal seam 6	Illinois Basin
	Basalt formation (1,000 tons)	MRCSP	Saline 789	Cincinnati Arch, Michigan Basin, Appalachian Basin
BSCSP WESTCARB 17	MGSL 5 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 5 5 6 3 6 5 5 5 6 3 6 5 5 5 5	PCOR	Oil-bearing (1) (1) Coal seam (1)	Keg River, Duperow, Williston Basin
20 21 SWP 19	SECARB Contractions of the second sec	SECARB	Oil-bearing Saline Coal seam (1) (1) (1) (2) (2) (3) (3) (4) (4) (5) (5) (6) (5) (6) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	Gulf Coast, Mississippi Salt Basin, Central Appalachian, Black Warrior Basin
	Injection/Test Complete	SWP	Oil-bearing	Paradox Basin, Aneth Field,
Completed 18 Injections	2012 Injection Project moved to Phase III		Coal seam	Permian Basin, San Juan Basin
Over 1.35 M Tons injected		WESTCARB	Saline	Colorado Plateau

RCSP Phase III: Development PhaseAmplingLarge-Scale Geologic Tests



✓ Large-volume tests

Two projects currently injecting CO₂

✓ Remaining injections scheduled 2012-2015

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	Partnership	Geologic Province	Target Injection Volume (tonnes)						
1	Big Sky	Nugget Sandstone	1,000,000						
2	MGSC	Illinois Basin- Mt. Simon Sandstone	1,000,000						
3	MRCSP	Michigan Basin- Niagaran Reef	1,000,000						
4	PCOR	Powder River Basin- Bell Creek Field	1,500,000						
5	FCOR	Horn River Basin- Carbonates	2,000,000						
6	SECARB	Gulf Coast – Cranfield Field- Tuscaloosa Formation	3,200,000						
7		Gulf Coast – Paluxy Formation	250,000						
8	SWP	Regional CCUS Opportunity	1,000,000						
9	WESTCARB	Regional Characterization							
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Southeast Regional CS Partnership Cranfield Site Large-Scale Project (Early Test)

Target Formation

Lower Tuscaloosa

CO₂ Source

• Jackson Dome (natural source) delivered via Denbury Resources' Sonat CO₂ pipeline

CO₂ Injection Amount (Current)

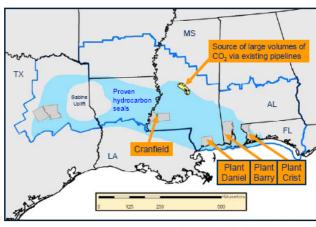
- > 3.4 million metric tons (P3 only)
- > 3.8 million metric tons (combined P2 and P3)

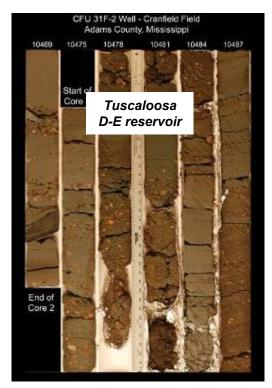
Current Status

- Injection began on 04/01/2009
- Injection rate was ~ 432 metric tons/day, now < 100 metric tons/day

MVA

- 4-D geophysics (VSP, ERT)
- Geochemical (U-Tube sampling)
- Field pressure monitoring
- Distributed Temperature
- Wireline logging





Southeast Regional CS Partnership Plant Barry Site Large-Scale Project

Largest fully integrated PC plant capture and saline

storage project in the U.S.

MHI KS1 amine process

UIC Class V permit with Class VI requirements

Target Formation

Upper Paluxy Formation

CO₂ Source

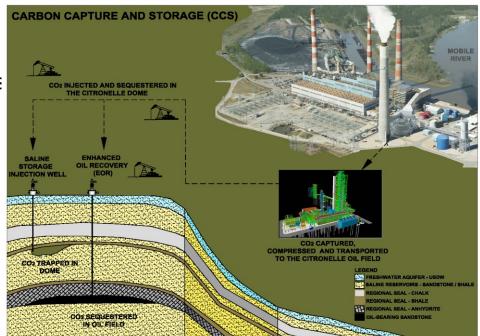
Southern Company's Plant Barry Power Station

CO₂ Injection Amount

~ 250,000 metric tons over 2 years (August 2012)

Current Status

- Characterization well drilled January 2011
- Final Environmental Assessment (EA) and Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) signed March 2011
- Pipeline construction completed (November 2011)
- Injection well drilling completed (December 2011)
- UIC Class V Injection well permit (July 2012)
- CO₂ injection started August 20, 2012. >13,000 metric tons to date



Midwest Geological Sequestration Consortium Decatur Site Large-Scale Project

Target Formation

• Mt. Simon Sandstone

CO₂ Source

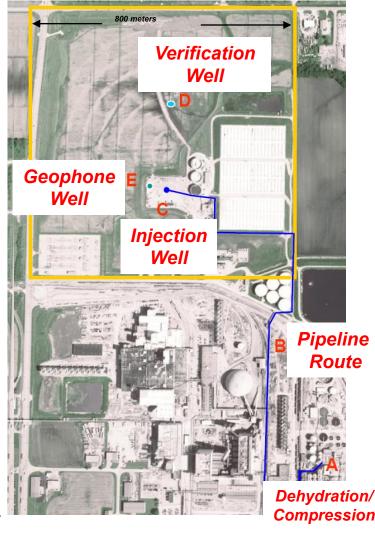
• ADM's Ethanol Production Facility

CO₂ Injection Amount

• 1 million metric tons over 3 years (Nov 2011)

Current Status

- Completed 4 square mile 3D seismic survey
- Completed drilling injection well, groundwater monitoring wells, geophone well, and verification well.
- CO₂ Pipeline installed and connected to injection wellhead.
- Installed all subsurface monitoring equipment.
- Completed commission of compression/dehydration facility
- Completed baseline fluid samples from verification well.
- Completed satellite interferometry (InSAR) baseline imaging data collection.
- UIC Permit finalized in March, 2011. Approval from IEPA to begin injection granted November 4, 2011.
- As of mid-October 2012 cumulative CO₂ injection volume is over 280,000 metric tons



Midwest Regional CS Partnership Michigan Site Large-Scale Project

Target Formation

• Niagaran Reef

CO₂ Source

Core Energy provider per Natural Gas
 Processing Facility

CO₂ Injection Amount

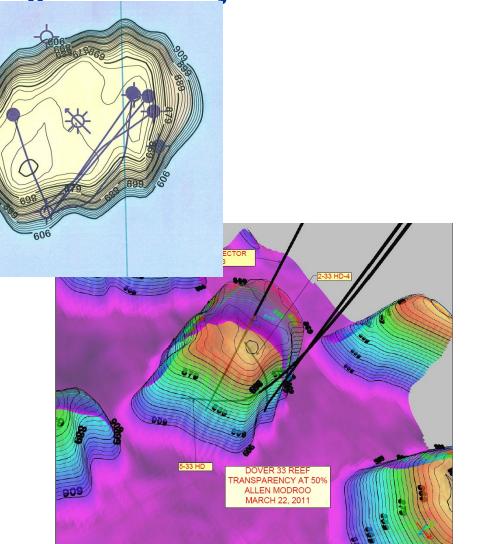
- $\circ~$ Two under existing production
- Completed production
- New Production
- 1 million metric tons over 4 years
- Injection anticipated to begin 2012

Current Status

- Completed preliminary geologic assessment of Otsego County area
- Completed Environmental Assessment (EA) Process
- Completed 3D Seismic Survey

MVA Plans

- 4DSeismic
- Passive Seismic
- Geochemical sampling
- Surface flux measurements



Plains CO₂ Reduction Partnership Bell Creek Site Large-Scale Project

Target Formation

Colorado Group/Muddy
 Sandstone Formation

CO₂ Source

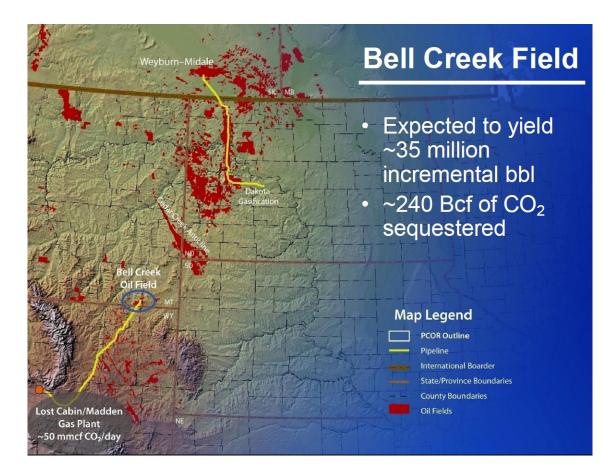
Lost Cabin/Madden Gas Plant
 operated by Conoco Phillips

CO₂ Injection Amount

- As much as 1 million tons/year
- Injection anticipated early 2013

Current Status

- Working with commercial partner (Denbury Resources Inc.)
- Developing integrated modeling and MVA plan
- Completed installation of the monitoring well



CCS Best Practices Manuals

Critical Requirement For Significant Wide Scale Deployment -Capturing Lessons Learned

NETL	the ENERCY lab BEST PRACTICES for: Monitoring, Verification, and Accounting		Best Practices Manual	Version 1 (Phase II)	Version 2 (Phase III)	Final Guidelines (Post Injection)	
	of CO ₂ Stored in Deep Geologic Formations	Monitoring, Verification and Accounting	2009/ <mark>2012</mark>	2016	2020		
13		Public Outreach and Education	2009	2016	2020		
N	TIONA the ENERGY lab		Site Characterization	2010	2016	2020	
NATIONA			Geologic Storage Formation Classification	2010	2016	2020	
	Carbon Stora	Carbon Storage Projects	**Simulation and Risk Assessment	2010	2016	2020	
			**Carbon Storage Systems and Well Management Activities	2011	2016	2020	
	First Edition	Terrestrial	2010	2016 – Post MVA Phase III			
NATION		ENERGY	**Regulatory Issues will be addressed within various Manuals				

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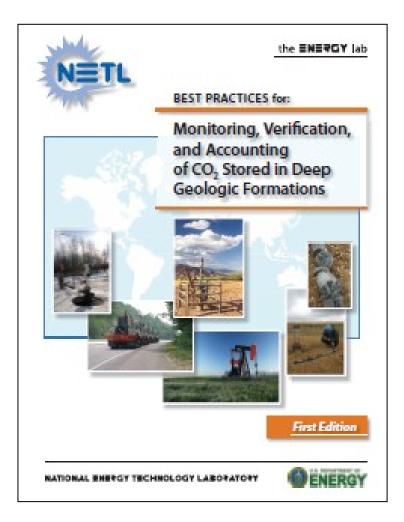
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http://www.netl.doe.gov/technologies/carbon_seq/refshelf/refshelf.html

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Monitoring, Verification, and Accounting of CO₂ Stored in Deep Geologic Formations

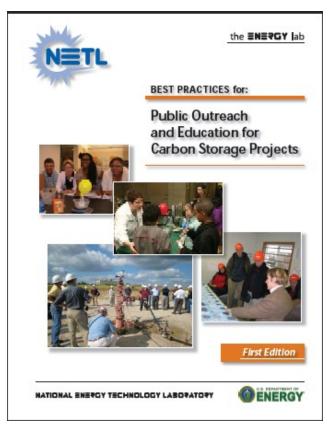
- Based on DOE Supported and leveraged monitoring activities
 - RCSP Program
 - Core R&D
 - International Projects
 - Industrial applications
- Regulatory requirements and associated monitoring needs
- 35 Technologies divided into:
 - Primary
 - Secondary
 - Additional
- Updated 2012



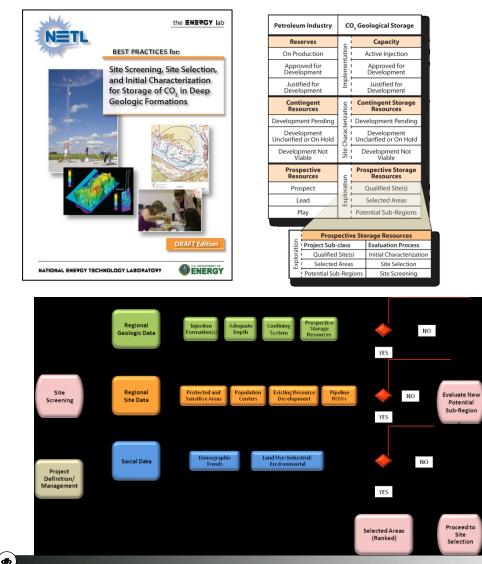
Public Outreach and Education for Carbon Storage Projects

Focused on project developers providing 10 Best Practices based on practical RCSP experience

- Do your homework
 - Integrate outreach with project management
 - Establish an outreach team
 - Identify stakeholders
 - Conduct and apply social characterization
- Develop plans and materials
 - Develop plan tailored to community
 - Develop key messages
 - Tailor materials to audience
- Implement, Assess and Refine



Site Screening, Site Selection, and Initial Characterization

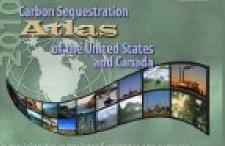


- Integrating Exploration Phase evaluation processes into one consistent (industry standard) framework, terminology and guidelines for communicating "project" related storage estimates
- Framework integrates processes and lessons learned from RCSP field projects into the Classification
- Provide stakeholders and greater sequestration community process and guidelines for site evaluation

**Adapted from SPE_WPC_AAPG_SPEE

Knowledge Sharing Products

Carbon Sequestration North American Carbon Atlas and NATCARB -2 P-----United States Small-Scale & Othe Large-Scale Projects Datasets **Iorth American** Carbon Atlas Partnership ARRA Site Sequestration Characterization Partnerships Projects NATCARB NETL KU **≥USGS** eia Ventyx-USGS **Energy Velocity** NOA/





Oil and Gas Fields 143 GT CO₂ Storage Resource

ARRA Regional Technology Training

RCSPs Working Groups

- Geological and Infrastructure .
- Monitoring, Verification, Accounting
- Simulation and Risk Assessment .
- Capture and Transportation
- **GIS and Database**
- Water
- Public Outreach and Education



Worldwide CCS Project Database



Visit our website: www.NETL.DOE.GOV



North American Carbon Atlas Partnership

First coordinated effort between Canada, Mexico, and the United States to jointly publish a resource of data and information on CCS technologies, pressing issues, and current progress toward solutions

NACSA

About Us

NACSA

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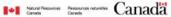
• NACAP's Objective:

- Identify, gather, and *share* data of CO₂ sources and geologic storage potential
- Development of this GIS-based CO₂ sources and storage database
- 3 North American Products:
 - NACSA website (<u>http://www.nacsap.org/</u>) online version of NACSA, links to resources (English, Spanish, and French)

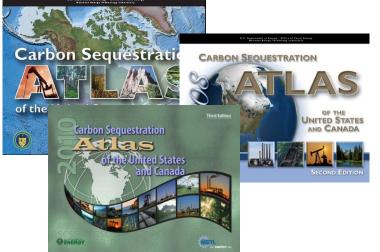


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Carbon Sequestration Atlas of the United States and Canada



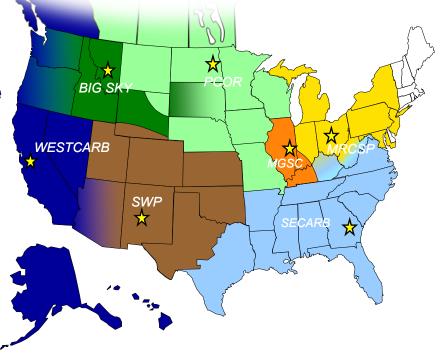
Atlas I - March 2007 Atlas II - November 2008 Atlas III - November 2010

U.S. 2012 Carbon Utilization and Storage Atlas -- ATLAS IV (Nov. 2012)

 Comparison of publically available methodologies for regional and site specific assessments

ATLAS V (Nov. 2014)

 Revised / Improved methodology for oil and gas formations and unconventional reservoirs (shale, unmineable coal, basalts)

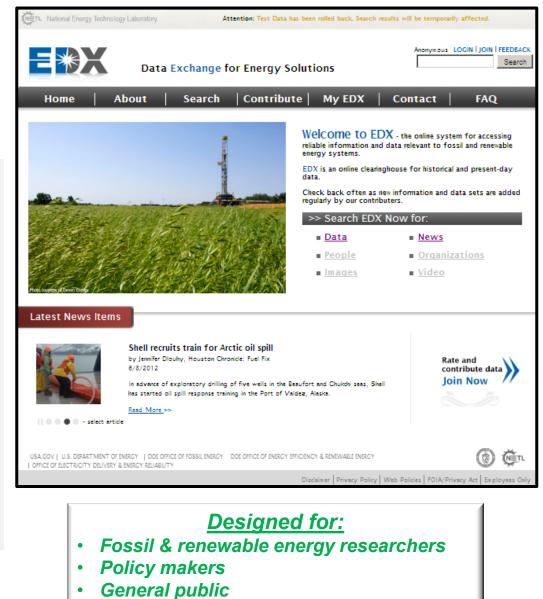




- R&D coordination & collaboration tool
 - Share information across networks
 - Rapid access through one site
 - Online access for historical data
 - Venue for newly released datasets
- Security, database design, and structure leverage DHS system
- Built to accommodate both open access and restricted access data
- Role-based security allows for groups
 or "communities" within the system
- Future FY13 roll outs will incorporate spatial/mapping tools, displays and other opportunities

More information on EDX: <u>http://www.netl.doe.gov/publications/factsheets/rd/R%26D184%20.pdf</u>

Data Exchange for Energy Solutions



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Now available at: <u>https://edx1.netl.doe.gov</u>

For More Information About the NETL Carbon Storage Program

• NETL website:

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-www.netl.doe.gov



Reference Shelf

Office of Fossil Energy website:

-www.fe.doe.gov



Thank you! Questions?